TABLE 2
Regional groups at United Nations Headquarters, showing the 50 countries which participated in San Francisco conference

Africa Group (54)	Asia-Pacific Group (54/55) ¹	Eastern Europe (23)	Latin American and Caribbean States (33)	Western European and Other States (28/29) ²
Algeria	Afghanistan	Albania	Antigua and Barbuda	Andorra
Angola	Bahrain	Armenia ³	Argentina	Australia
Benin	Bangladesh	Azerbaijan ³	Bahamas	Austria
Botswana	Bhutan	Belarus ⁴	Barbados	Belgium
Burkina Faso	Brunei Darussalam	Bosnia and Herzegovina ⁵	Belize	Canada
Burundi	Cambodia	Bulgaria	Bolivia	Denmark
Cameroon	China	Croatia ⁵	Brazil	Finland
Cape Verde	Cyprus	Czech Republic ⁶	Chile	France
Central African Republic	Democratic People's	Estonia ³	Colombia	Germany
Chad	Republic of Korea	Georgia ³	Costa Rica	Greece
Comoros	Fiji	Hungary	Cuba	Iceland
Congo	India	Latvia ³	Dominica	Ireland
Côte d'Ivoire	Indonesia	Lithuania ³	Dominican Republic	Israel
Democratic Republic of	Iran	Montenegro ⁵	Ecuador	Italy
the Congo	Iraq	Moldova ³	El Salvador	Liechtenstein
Djibouti	Japan	North Macedonia ⁵	Grenada	Luxembourg
Egypt	Jordan	Poland ⁷	Guatemala	Malta
Equatorial Guinea	Kazakhstan ³	Romania	Guyana	Monaco
Eritrea	Kiribati	Russian Federation ⁸	Haiti	Netherlands
Eswatini	Kuwait	Serbia ⁵	Honduras	New Zealand
Ethiopia	Kazakhstan ³	Slovakia ⁵	Jamaica	Norway
Gabon	Laos	Slovenia ⁵	Mexico	Portugal
Gambia	Lebanon	Ukraine ⁴	Nicaragua	San Marino
Ghana	Malaysia		Panama	Spain
Guinea	Maldives		Paraguay	Sweden

¹ The official name is 'Group of Asia and the Pacific Small Island Developing States'. It is considered to have 55 members when the total includes Palestine, which has been a member of this group since 1986. However, because Palestine has not been admitted as a UN Member State, for electoral purposes the group is considered to have 54 members.

² 'WEOG' has 28 full members. The United States, an observer, is considered a member of the group for electoral purposes.

³ A republic of the Soviet Union from the time the Soviet Union attended the San Francisco conference until being admitted separately to UN membership in the 1990s.

⁴ Although a republic of the Soviet Union, it attended the San Francisco conference as a separate State and later was admitted separately to UN membership.

⁵ Yugoslavia participated at the conference. In the 1990s, its six former republics became separate UN members.

⁶ Czechoslovakia participated as a single State at the conference; in 1993 the Czech Republic and Slovakia became separate UN members.

⁷ Poland became one of the 51 original signatories of the UN Charter, but was not present at the San Francisco conference because its new government was not yet organized.

⁸ In 1991 the Russian Federation assumed the UN membership of the former Soviet Union.

Guinea-Bissau	Marshall Islands	Peru	Switzerland
Kenya	Federated States of	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Turkey ⁹
Lesotho	Micronesia	Saint Lucia	United Kingdom
Liberia	Mongolia	Saint Vincent and the	United States (observer) ²
Libya	Myanmar	Grenadines	Citied States (observer)
Madagascar	Nauru	Suriname	
Malawi	Nepal	Trinidad and Tobago	
Mali	Oman	Uruguay	
Mauritania	Pakistan	Venezuela	
Mauritius	Palau	Venezacia	
Morocco	Palestine ¹		
Mozambique	Papua New Guinea		
Namibia	Philippines		
Niger	Qatar		
Nigeria	Republic of Korea		
Rwanda	Samoa		
São Tomé and Principe	Saudi Arabia		
Senegal Senegal	Singapore		
Seychelles	Solomon Islands		
Sierra Leone	Sri Lanka		
Somalia	Syria		
South Africa	Tajikistan ³		
South Sudan	Thailand		
Sudan	Timor-Leste		
Togo	Tonga		
Tunisia	Turkmenistan ³		
Uganda	Tuvalu		
United Republic of	United Arab Emirates		
Tanzania	Uzbekistan ³		
Zambia	Vanuatu		
Zimbabwe	Viet Nam		
	Yemen		

⁹ Turkey is a member of 'WEOG' for electoral purposes. It caucuses with both 'WEOG' and the 'Asia-Pacific Group'.